

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
31 January 2002 (31.01.2002)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 02/09362 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **H04L 12/28, 12/56**

(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB01/02867

(22) International Filing Date: 27 June 2001 (27.06.2001)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
0018237.8 25 July 2000 (25.07.2000) GB

(71) Applicant and

(72) Inventor: **PHILLIPPS, John, Quentin** [GB/GB]; 30 Mount Avenue, Ealing, London W5 2QJ (GB).

(74) Agents: **GEARY, Stuart, Lloyd et al.**; Venner, Shipley & Co., 20 Little Britain, London EC1A 7DH (GB).

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

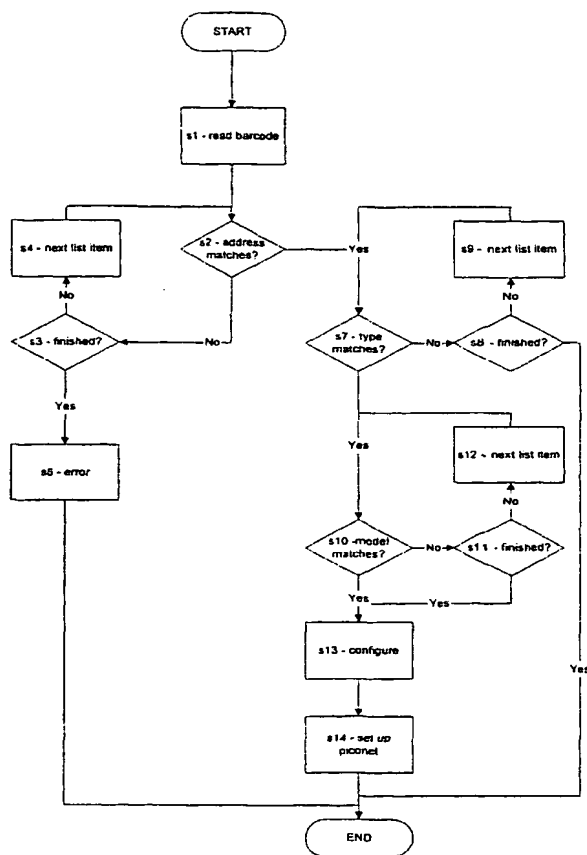
Published:

— with international search report

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: **BARCODE IDENTIFICATION OF WIRELESS TERMINALS**

(57) Abstract: When a wireless connection is to be formed between a PDA 1, for example, and a printer 11, for example, the user of the PDA 1 causes it to read a code 13, e.g., a barcode, from the printer 11 so that the PDA 1 can identify the printer 11 in a list 20 of discovered neighbouring devices and, consequently, send appropriate connection set up signals to the printer 11 rather than inadvertently to some other device.



WO 02/09362 A1



For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

BARCODE IDENTIFICATION OF WIRELESS TERMINALS

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to wireless communication.

5

Background to the Invention

Devices implementing the Bluetooth standard have recently begun to appear.

Bluetooth provides a common standard by which devices, such as PDAs (Personal Digital Assistants), mobile phones, printers, etc., can communicate with each other wirelessly. Bluetooth uses radio signals in the 2.4 GHz Industrial-Scientific-Medical band.

Bluetooth has a weakness in that problems arise in discovering an intended recipient for a communication in a crowded environment, such as a conference where many people are exchanging electronic business cards or on a commuter train where many people have Bluetooth connections between mobile phone or music playing devices and ear phones. A Bluetooth device must perform a time-consuming discovery operation which will actually locate every Bluetooth device in the local environment. The user is then provided with a bewildering list of devices from which he must select the correct device.

20

It is an aim of the present invention to solve the afore-mentioned problem of Bluetooth and similar systems.

Summary of the Invention

25

According to the present invention, there is provided a method of establishing a wireless connection between two devices, the method comprising storing in a first device a list of ids of connectable devices, using the first device to read an external code from a second device, selecting an id from said list in dependence on said read code and sending connection establishing signals to the second device in response to said selection.

30

According to the present invention, there is also provided a device including code reading means, wireless communication means and processing means programmed to cause the device to perform a method according to the present invention.

- 5 According to the present invention, there is further provided a device including wireless communication means, processing means for controlling the wireless communication means for wireless networking with other devices, a memory storing a device id and an external code corresponding to said device id.
- 10 The code is conveniently an optical barcode. It should be appreciated that the term "code" used herein does not exclude markings that are intelligible to humans. For instance, a human can easily learn to read a written representation of Baudot code, which was of course designed for machine-to-machine communication.
- 15 The code need not be permanently readable. For instance, the code may be a pattern produced on an LCD which would disappear in the event of the device bearing it being switched off or becoming inoperative due to a failure.

Advantageously, the code includes a device type identifying part. This can be used
20 for automatically configuring the first device.

Brief Description of the Drawings

- Figure 1 is a block diagram of a device according to the present invention;
Figure 2 illustrates a piconet;
25 Figure 3 shows the display of the device of Figure 1 during connection to another device;
Figure 4 is a flowchart illustrating the device of Figure 1 operating according to the present invention; and
Figure 5 is a flowchart illustrating the operation of a second device according to the
30 present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Embodiments of the present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Referring to Figure 1, an electronic device 1, which may be a PDA, a mobile phone, or other device, comprises a processor 2, RAM 3, ROM 4, display circuitry 5 including a display 9, user input circuitry 6, an rf subsystem 7 and a barcode reader subsystem 8 interconnected by a bus 10. The device 1 may have additional circuits and mechanical elements (not shown) which are required for its particular function, e.g. signal processing in the case of a mobile phone and a printing engine in the case of a printer.

The ROM 4 contains Bluetooth routines for controlling communication using the rf subsystem 7 which are accessible to programs being run by the processor 2 via an API.

The rf subsystem 7 comprises transceiver circuitry, including a local oscillator, and a controller for controlling the transceiver circuitry in response to commands from the processor 2. The transceiver is adapted for frequency hopping transmission and reception according to the Bluetooth specification.

Referring to Figure 2, the device 1 can connect with other Bluetooth enabled devices, in this case a printer 11 and a mobile phone 12 to form a "piconet". The printer 11, the mobile phone 12 and the device 1 have respective barcodes 13, 14, 15 on their outer surface. The bar codes 13, 14, 15 represent the Bluetooth Device Addresses for the printer 11, the mobile phone 12 respectively and the device 1.

Bluetooth devices perform a discovery operation to locate other Bluetooth devices in their neighbourhood and add discovered devices to an internally stored list.

Referring to Figure 3, when the user of the device 1, which is a PDA in this case, wishes to print using the printer 11, the user is presented by the PDA with a list of the Bluetooth Device Addresses of discovered Bluetooth devices on the display 9. If the user knows the Bluetooth Device Addresses of the printer 11, the user can

manually select the appropriate entry in the list 20 so that the device 1 can form a piconet with the printer 11.

Referring to Figure 4, if the user does not know the Bluetooth Device Address of the printer 11, the user can approach the printer 11 and using software in the ROM 4 activate the barcode reader subsystem 8 to read the barcode 13 from the printer 11 (step s1). The device's processor 2 then searches the members of the list 20 for a match (steps s2, s3 and s4) and, if one is found (step s2), sets up a piconet connection with the device identified by the match, i.e. the printer 11 (step s5) by sending connection establishing signals to the printer 11. If a match is not found in the list, an error is signalled to the user (step s6).

Barcodes have been given in the foregoing as an example of machine-readable indicia. It will be appreciated that other forms of optically readable codes or symbols and magnetic codes could be used.

It will be appreciated that the list 20 need not be displayed and that codes may be read from devices whenever a connection is required to be established.

In a second embodiment, the barcode is extended to include a device id code, comprising a type part and a model part. For instance, the barcode 13 on the printer 11 would comprise the printer's Bluetooth Device Address and a code identifying it as a printer of "Thingamyjig 2000" type. The code identifying the device type can then be used by the connecting device 1 to configure itself, e.g. selecting the appropriate driver for the printer being connected to. Another example, would be to start appropriate processing software. For example, a code identifying a device as a video camera would cause the device reading the code to start video display software in preparation for receiving video signals from the camera.

Referring to Figure 5, the process of finding the Bluetooth Device Address from the barcode in the list 20 (steps s1 to s6) are the same as in the previous embodiment. However, if the Bluetooth Device Address is found in the list 20, the connecting

device's processor 2 searches (steps s7, s8 and s9) an internally stored list of device type codes for a match with that from the barcode. If no match is found (step s8) the process is exited. However, if a match is found (step s7), the processor 2 searches (steps s10, s11 and s12) a list of known models of devices of the identified
5 type. If a match is found (step s10) or no match is found (step s11), the process moves onto a configuration step (step s13). In the configuration step, the processor 2 identifies any device type and, if relevant, model specific actions to be performed, e.g. driver selection or application program execution, and performs these actions. Following the start of step s13, the processor 2 proceeds to set up the piconet
10 connection (step s14).

It will be appreciated that many modifications may be made to the embodiments described above.

Claims

1. A method of establishing a wireless connection between two devices, the method comprising:-
 - 5 storing in a first device a list of ids of connectable devices;
 - using the first device to read an external code from a second device;
 - selecting an id from said list in dependence on said read code; and
 - sending connection establishing signals to the second device in response to said selection.
- 10 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein said code is an optical barcode.
3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said code includes a device type identifying part.
- 15 4. A method according to claim 3, including automatically configuring the first device in dependence on said device type identifying part.
5. A device including code reading means, wireless communication means, a
20 memory for storing a list of ids of connectable devices and processing means programmed to operate the code reading means to obtain a code, select an id from a list of connectable device ids in said memory in dependence on said read code and operate the wireless communication means to send connection establishing signals to another device in response to said selection.
- 25 6. A device according to claim 5, wherein the code reading means comprises barcode reading means.
7. A device including wireless communication means, processing means for
30 controlling the wireless communication means for wireless networking with other devices, a memory storing a device id and an external code corresponding to said device id.

8. A device according to claim 7, wherein the externally accessible code is an optically readable barcode.

9. A device according to claim 7 or 8, said code includes a device type
5 identifying part.

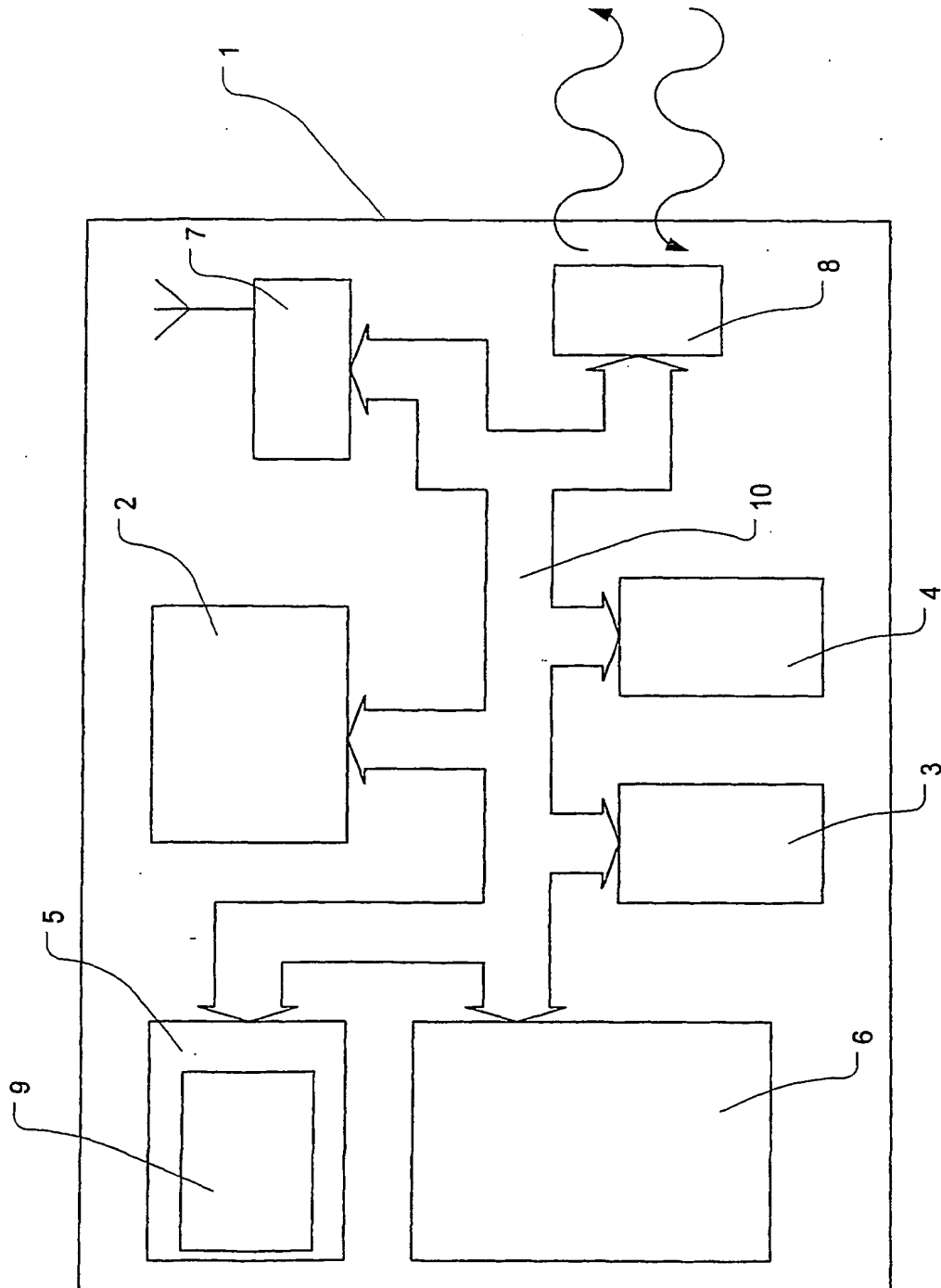


Figure 1

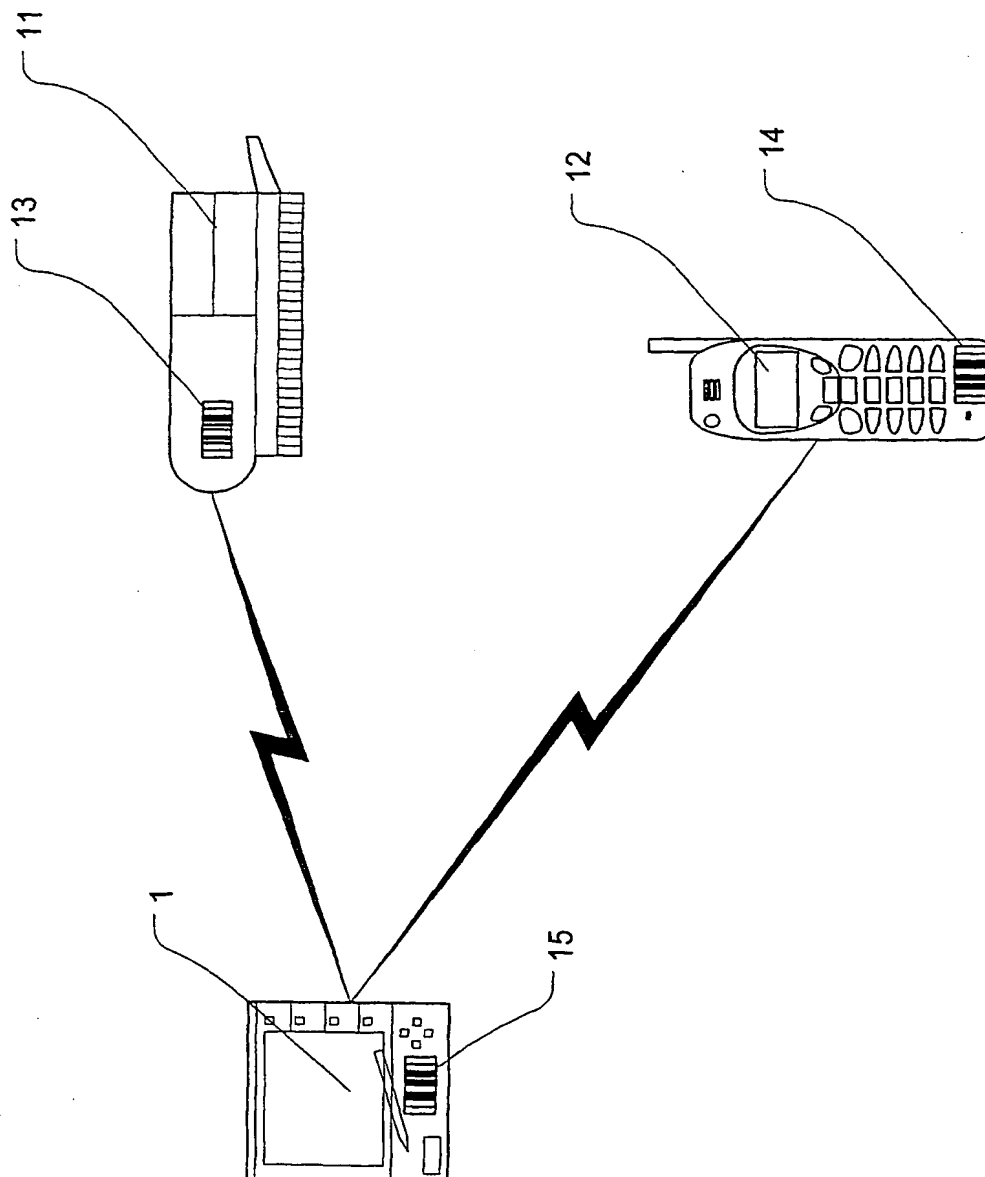


Figure 2

3/5

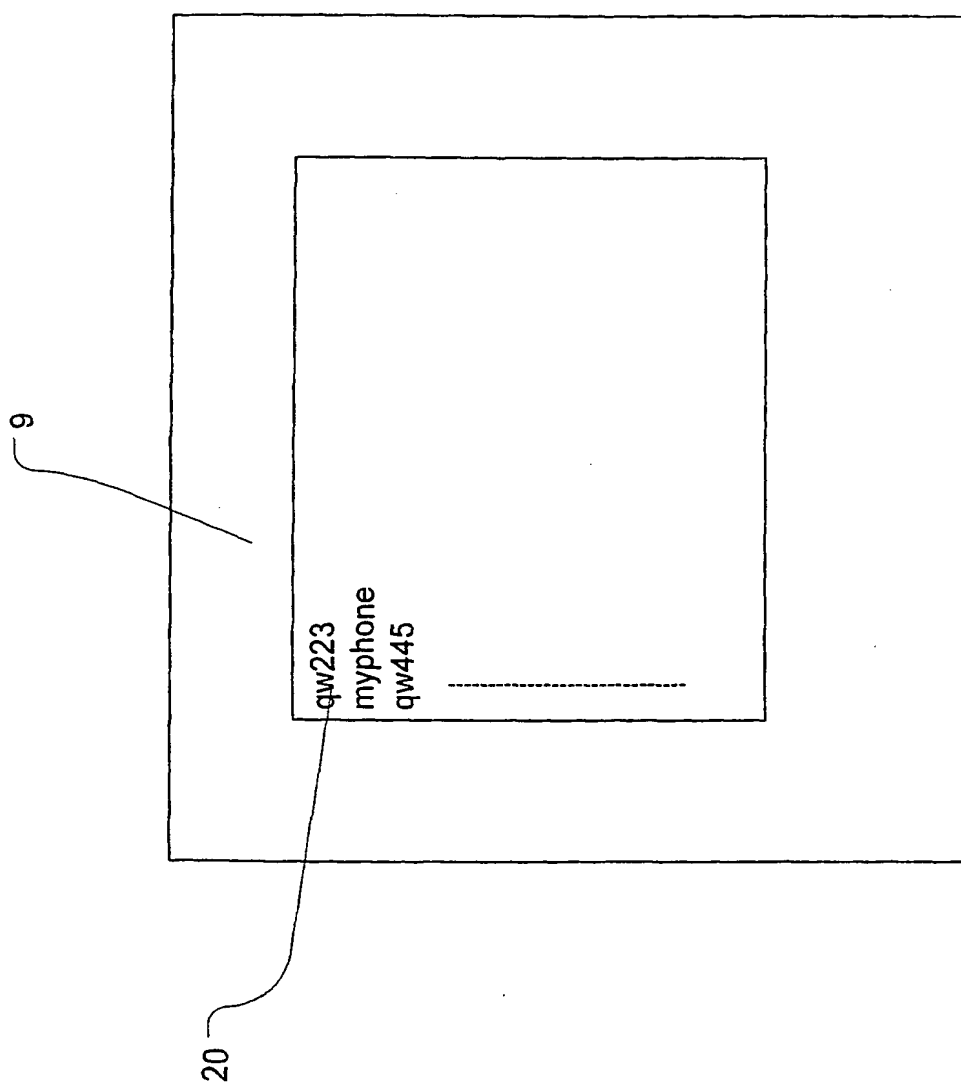


Figure 3

4/5

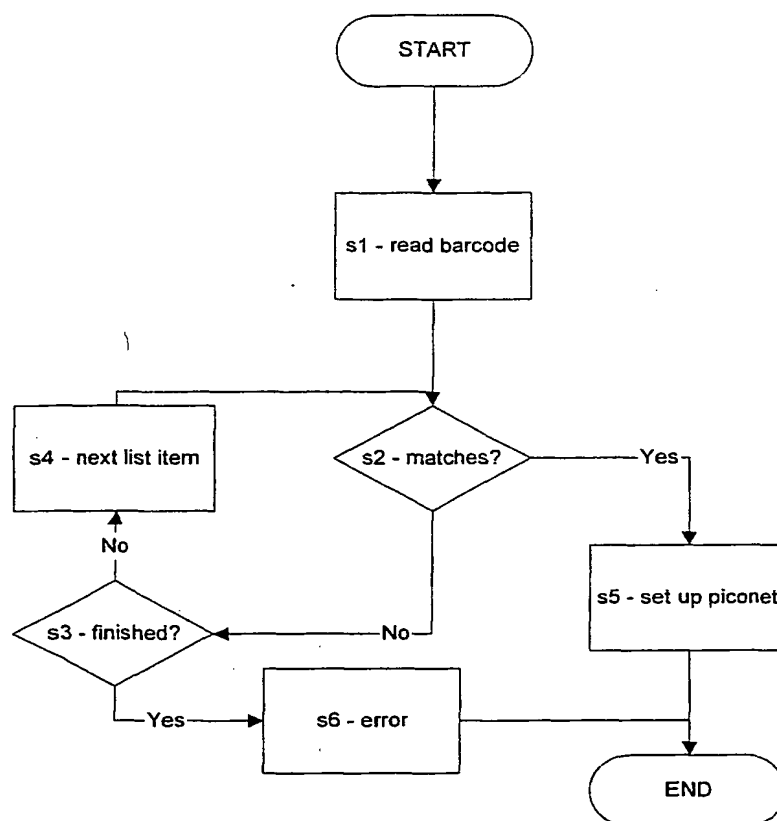


Figure 4

5/5

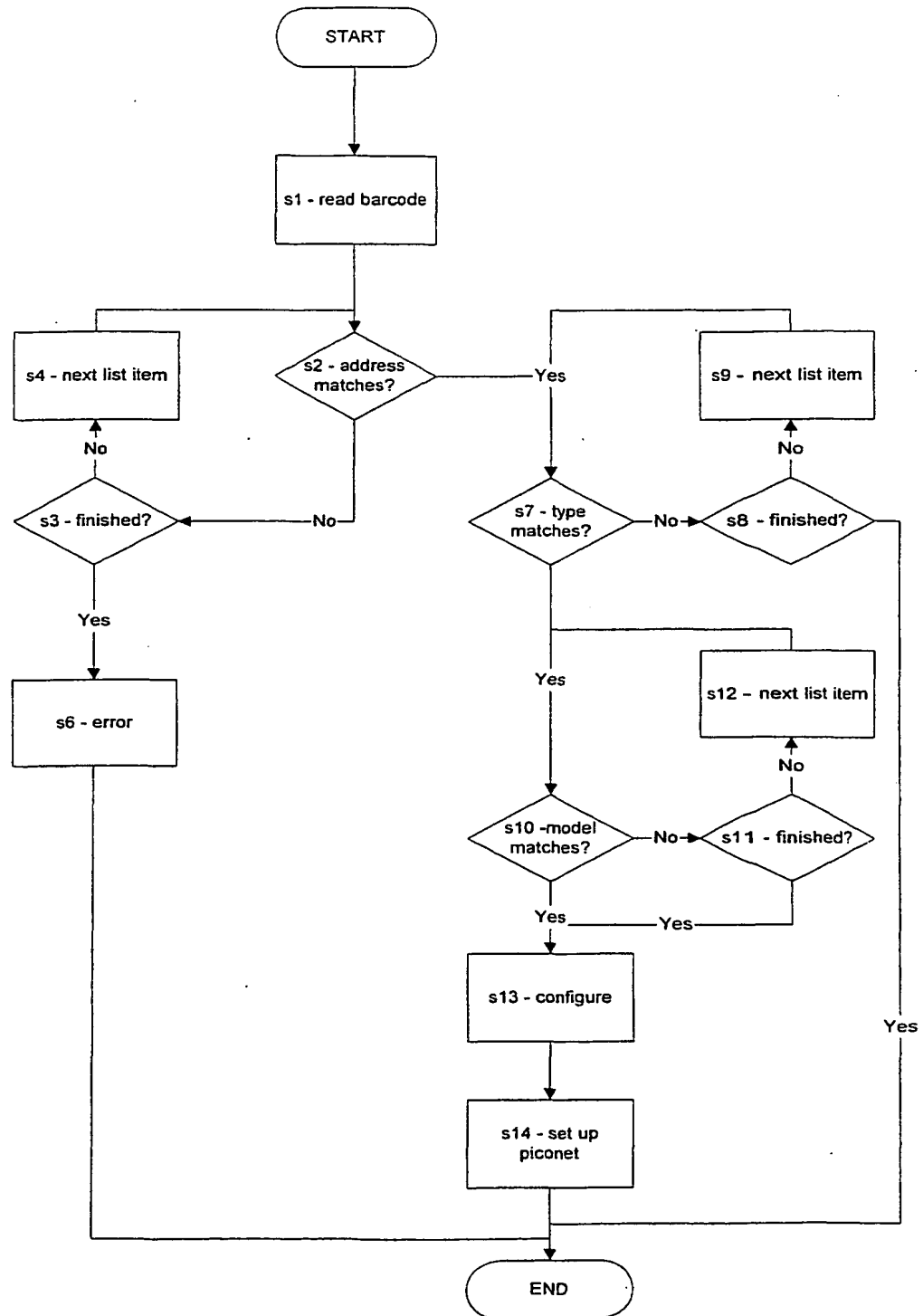


Figure 5

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In International Application No

PCT/GB 01/02867

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
 IPC 7 H04L12/28 H04L12/56

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04L G06K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, INSPEC

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	HAARTSEN J C: "BLUETOOTH(TM): A NEW RADIO INTERFACE PROVIDING UBIQUITOUS CONNECTIVITY" VTC 2000-SPRING. 2000 IEEE 51ST. VEHICULAR TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS. TOKYO, JAPAN, MAY 15-18, 2000, IEEE VEHICULAR TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE, NEW YORK, NY: IEEE, US, vol. 1 OF 3. CONF. 51, 15 May 2000 (2000-05-15), pages 107-111, XP000970589 ISBN: 0-7803-5719-1 the whole document ---	1-9
A	DE 197 15 542 A (KNICKER W DIPL ING) 20 November 1997 (1997-11-20) column 1, line 24 -column 2, line 6 claims --- -/--	1-9

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- *&* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

6 September 2001

Date of mailing of the international search report

05/10/2001

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
 Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
 Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Roberti, V

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 01/02867

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>"DEVICE CONNECTIVITY: A WHOLE NEW SET OF SECRET HANDSHAKES"</p> <p>EDN ELECTRICAL DESIGN NEWS, CAHNERS PUBLISHING CO. NEWTON, MASSACHUSETTS, US, vol. 45, no. 1, 6 January 2000 (2000-01-06), pages 113-114, 116, XP000935721</p> <p>ISSN: 0012-7515</p> <p>the whole document</p>	1-9
A	<p>GB 2 246 491 A (TECHNOPHONE LTD)</p> <p>29 January 1992 (1992-01-29)</p> <p>page 5, line 30 -page 8, line 9</p>	1-9
P, X	<p>AOKI H ET AL: "Balloon Tag: (in)visible marker which tells who's who"</p> <p>DIGEST OF PAPERS. FOURTH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON WEARABLE COMPUTERS, PROCEEDINGS OF FOURTH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON WEARABLE COMPUTERS - ISWC, ATLANTA, GA, USA, 16 - 17 October 2000, pages 181-182, XP002176889</p> <p>2000, Los Alamitos, CA, USA, IEEE Comput. Soc, USA</p> <p>ISBN: 0-7695-0795-6</p> <p>the whole document</p>	1-9

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/GB 01/02867

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DE 19715542 A	20-11-1997	NONE	
GB 2246491 A	29-01-1992	NONE	